Date of App't.	Name.	Residence.
Ang. 19, '65. Joh	n S. Hver	New York City.
Ang. 26, '65J.		
Oct. 23, '65 Go:		
		on. New York City.
		New York City.
		New York City.
		New York City.
		esseNew York City.
		New York City.
June 19, '66. Joh		
June 19, '66 Jos		
June 19, '66. A.	D. Wait	Fort Edward.
Jane 19, '66 Mo	ses Warren.	Troy.

OHIO.

May 5, '66...J. B. Powell.......Cincinnati.

DENNSVIVANIA

		1 22:2:01 23 : :::::::::::
Oct.	31,	'62 Theodore H. Morgan Philadelphia.
		'65 Samuel L. Taylor Philadelphia.
July	26,	'65. John McLaren Pittsburg.
Sept.	13,	'65 William F. Robb Pittsburg.
Oct.	10.	'65 Chas. H. T. Collins. Philadelphia.
Jan.	16.	'66John C. O'NeillTitusville.

TENNESSEE.

Aug. 4, '65.. Thomas H. Pearne. Knoxville. VIRGINIA.

Mar. 7, '66.. D. H. London..... Richmond.

WISCONSIN.

. Name. Residence. Date of App't. May 1, '65. Francis Blood; ood. Milwaukie.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

April 21, '66.. Chas. A. Stephens.. Washington. April 21, '66.. Gilbert A. Pierce... Washington. June 9, '66.. Frederick Koones.. Washington.

IDAIIO TERRITORY.

June 25, '63 Charles Howard Idaho City.
Jan. 25, '64. John Cummina Idabo City.
Mar. 7, '64. A. C. Swift Boise City.
Sept. 16, '64A. G. Cook Boise City.
Sept. 17, '64 Edward C. Sessions. Boise City.
Dec. 7, '64 H. B. Shipley Boise City.
April 1, '65I. D. HainesRuby City.
Nov. 25, '65. James Lyman Silver City.
Jan. 26, '66C. B. Waite Idaho City.
April 23, '66. William Vincent Ruby City.

MONTANA TERRITORY.

Jan. 20, '66. Josiah B. Johnson. Blackfoot City.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO.

Oct. 10, '55...John Watts...... Santa Fé.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

April 15, '63H. G. StruveVuncouver.
Feb. 20, '64. L. J. Rector Walla Walla.
Dec. 9, '65., William N. Smith., Walla Walla.
July 8, '66J. W. Tripp Stevens County.

AREA AND RESOURCES.

Oregon, the most westerly portion of the domain of the United States of North America, is situated between 42° and 46° 20' north latitude, and between 116° 31' and 124° 30' west longitude; being about 395 miles in length, and 295 miles in width. The area is estimated at 101,400 square miles, containing 120,000,000 acres of land, of which it is calculated that about 10,000,000 are susceptible of cultivation. The State is usually divided into three portions, severally styled the Lower, Middle, and Upper Countries. The first is that portion next the ocean; the second lies between the Cascude Runge and the Blue Mountains; the third being situated between the lutter and the Rocky Mountains. The first is from 75 to 120 miles in breadth, and includes the Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, the former running parallel with, and the latter two at right angles to the sea. The valleys vary from 40 to 150 miles in length, and are from 5 to 85 miles wide. The middle portion, which consists mainly of an elevated plateau, is about 160 miles broad, while the upper country is a desolate and sterile region, occupying the western slope of the Rocky Mountains. The area of the State is diversified with valleys of the richest agricultural and grazing lands alternating with abrupt mountain ranges, many of the peaks of which rise to the height of 14,000 feet above the level of the sen, and are covered with perpetual snow. The resources of this region are extensive, rich, and varied-embracing agricultural and mineral wealth, combined with vast forests of the finest timber, fitted for every purpose, and inexhaustible water power for manufacturing purposes. There is probably no portion of the Union that combines w' . I the same space, to a similar extent, all the varied elements of wealth, and a steadily increasing presperity. Placer gold diggling have been extensively worked for a number of years past, both in Southern Oregon and the N. them portions of the State; and extensive and permanent lodes of gold and silver bearing quartz exist in the same regions, which need only the requisite capital for advantageous working, to produce rich returns The extensive coal mines discovered at Coose Bay and other points have been profitably worked for several years past; and large deposits of copper, lead and iron—the latter of the purest quality—and inexhaustible in quantity, are distributed throughout the State. Salt Springs, of large capacity and strength, are also abundant. The liberal donations of land to actual settlers made by the General Government, gave the first impetus to immigration to the Territory of Oregon. The vast and fertile valleys of this region offering the most favorable field for agriculture and the raising of stock, the operations of the curly set tlers were mainly confined to those branches; and the unparalleled rush attendant upon the discovery gold in California, at once opened a ready and remunerative market for these products. The climate and soil of the agricultural portions of the State are highly favorable to the growth of every variety of prouce common to the Western and Northern States-all the grains, fruits, and vegetables flourishing home

in the highest of the latter bemp, hops, a nature of the uesa. The sal in quantity, co portion of the

Showing the N

COUNTY.

Baker.....

Benton

Clackamas

Clatsop Columbia Coos..... Curry Douglas Grant..... Jackson..... Josephine Lane Linn.... Multnomah..... Polk. Tillamook Unnetilla..... Union.... Wиsco..... Washington.... Yambill.

GRAIN,—The ag and outs, produced els. The crop of I and will probably

Totals

Toracco. - An raised in several eo 1864 exceeded 70,0 it is said, was fully leaf.

FLAX AND HEMP this State, and are where. The clima their cultivation, at lish, at Salem, exter of oil, will serve t manifested to add products of the Stat

Faults .- " Take the best fruit-growing

The mineral reson yielded large amount have produced a con in various portions o