Second. To establish rules which shall not be contrary to law, for the government, improvement and progress of the public schools within the said City and County of San Francisco, and for carrying into effect the provisions of law relating and applicable thereto, and for the government of all school officers and teachers in the discharge of their duties,

To determine annually the amount, not exceeding the rate of thirty-five cents on each hundred dollars' valuation upon the Assessment Roll, to be raised by tax upon the real and personal property within the city and county not exempt from

taxation, for the support of free common schools therein, and for providing suitable

school-houses, furniture, libraries and apparatus.

To establish regulations not inconsistent with law as aforesaid, for the safe custody, and just and equal disbursement of all moneys belonging to the Com-

mon School Fund of said city and county, from whatsoever source arising.

Fifth. To require that all Teachers, previous to their being employed in any of the said common schools, shall be rigidly examined before the said Board, or a committee of its members appointed for that purpose, or by the Superintendent, and being approved shall receive a certificate signed by such Committee and Superintendent of qualification in respect to moral character, ability and fitness to teach in the said schools, and to revoke such certificates for good cause, of which the said Board shall be the sole judge, giving to the parties interested reasonable notice and an opportunity to be heard; and any School Director, with the advice and consent of the Superintendent, may provisionally withdraw the certificate of any Teacher employed in the schools of his district till the next meeting of the Board of Education, and in the meantime such Teacher shall not be employed in any of the common schools.

SEC 34. Upon the petition of fifty heads of white families, resident citizens in any district, the Board of Education may, in their discretion, establish a common school or additional common schools therein, subject in all respects to the laws and regulations governing the other common schools, awarding to such school or schools its proportionate share of the School Fund, but no sectarian doctrines shall be permitted to be inculcated in any of the public schools; nor shall any school within the said city and county which is not established and conducted in conformity with the laws of this State, and the rules and regulations not inconsistent therewith, established by the said Board of Education, be permitted to receive any share of the Common School Fund.

At every regular session of the Board of Education, before proceeding to other business, each School Director shall be called upon to report orally to the Board the condition of the schools in his district, the circumstances and wants of the inhabitants in respect to education, and to suggest any defect he may have noted and improvements he would recommend in existing regulations on the subject.

ARTICLE IV.

PUBLIC STREETS AND HIGHWAYS.

SEC. 36. In the public streets already laid out by lawful authority, opened and graded within the limits of said City and County of San Francisco, or which shall hereafter be laid out, opened and graded, as provided in this Act, the paving, planking sewering and repairs of every kind, shall be assessed upon and done at the equal expense of the adjacent lots on each side of said streets, each distinct and separate owner being at liberty, and being required, under the direction of the Superintendent of Public Streets and Highways, to do, or cause to be done, at his own expense, the work, repairs and improvements in front of his own property to the center of the street.

Sec. 37. The expense of all such work, improvements and repairs upon each street crossing, or the space formed by the junction of two or more streets, shall be assessed with equality upon each quarter block, adjoining and cornering upon the