

that the officer in default may be proceeded against according to law. Every ordinance or resolution of the Board of Supervisors, providing for any specific improvement, the granting of any privilege, or involving the lease, or other appropriation of public property, or the expenditure of public moneys (except for sums less than five hundred dollars), or laying tax or assessment, and every ordinance or resolution imposing a new duty or penalty shall, after its introduction in the Board, be published, with the ayes and nays, in some city daily newspaper, at least five successive days before final action by the Board upon the same; and every such ordinance, after the same shall pass the Board, shall, before it takes effect, be presented to the President of the Board for his approval. If he approves, he shall sign it; if not, he shall return it, within ten days, to the Board, with his objections in writing. The Board shall then enter the objections on the journals, and publish them in some city newspaper. If at any stated meeting thereafter, two-thirds of all the members elected to the Board, vote for such ordinance or resolution, it shall then, despite the objections of the President, become valid. Should any such ordinance or resolution not be returned by the President, within ten days after he receives it, it shall become valid the same as if it had received his signature.

SEC. 69. All contracts for building\* and printing to be done for the said city and county, and ordinary supplies for subsistence of prisoners, must be given by the Board of Supervisors to the lowest bidder offering adequate security, after due public notice published for not less than five days, in at least two newspapers in said city and county. All contracts for subsistence of prisoners must be given out annually at a fixed price per day, not exceeding twenty-five cents *per diem*, for each person connected with the prison [Amendment, Act April 26, 1862]; and the advertisement for proposals to be published as aforesaid by the Board of Supervisors, shall specify each article that will be required, the quantity thereof, the quantity for each person, and the existing and probable number of prisoners to be supplied. All articles of food supplied for prisoners must be of a sound and wholesome quality, and subject to the inspection and approval of the keeper of the prison, and also of the President of the Board of Supervisors and Police Judge of said city and county, all of which must be expressed in the contract therefor to be entered into.

SEC. 70. The Board of Supervisors shall have power to hear and determine appeals from the executive officers of said city and county, in the cases provided in this Act; and in all cases of an appeal taken to the Board of Supervisors, or Board of Education, from the order or decision made by any other officer or officers, such officer or officers shall furnish the Board with a statement of his or their reasons for the orders or decision so appealed from, and the party appealing shall be heard briefly, but without the observance of any technical or other formalities, not necessary, in the discretion of the Board, to a just decision; which shall, after ascertaining the true state of the case, be given without delay.

SEC. 71. On or before the first Monday of May, annually, the Board of Supervisors of said city and county shall levy the amount of taxes for State, city, and county purposes, required by law to be levied upon all property in said city and county, not exempt from taxation, such amount as they may deem sufficient to provide for the payment of all demands upon the treasury thereof, authorized by law to be paid out the same; *provided*, that such taxation, exclusive of the State tax and any special tax shall not, in the aggregate, for all the purposes of said city and county tax, exceed the rate of two dollars and thirty-five cents upon each one hundred dollars' valuation; *provided*, further, that the Board of Supervisors shall, in making the levy of said taxes, apportion and divide the taxes so levied, collected, and applied, to specific purposes, as hereinafter provided:

*First.* For the Corporation Debt Fund, not to exceed one dollar twelve and one-half cents upon each one hundred dollars' valuation, as aforesaid, which shall be applied to the payment of demands authorized under the fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, and tenth, subdivisions of section ninety-five of the Act as amended April eighteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, and of section seven of an Act entitled "An Act for the funding and payment of the Outstanding Unfunded Claims against the City of San Francisco and against the County of San Francisco, as they existed prior to the first day of July, A. D. eighteen hundred and fifty-six, approved April twentieth, A. D. eighteen hundred and fifty-eight.

*Second.* For the School Fund not to exceed thirty-five cents upon each one hundred dollars' valuation aforesaid, which shall be applied to the payment of demands authorized under the second and ninth subdivisions of section ninety-five of the Act as amended April eighteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

*Third.* For the General Fund, not to exceed seventy cents upon each one hundred dollars' valuation, as aforesaid, which shall be applied, first, to the payments of demands authorized under the first, third, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, and fourteenth, subdivisions of section ninety-

\* Inapplicable to the Board of Education and the property of the School Department.—Act of the Legislature, April 26, 1855.—COMPILER.