

every portion, and nothing has been omitted that can in any way conduce to the health, comfort, or convenience of the inmates. The walls of the basement and first story are two feet thick, and those of the superstructure eighteen inches—and such is the character of the work, that no new building of like extent withstood the shock of the earthquake of the eighth of October, with so little actual damage. The building, which is of the style of architecture known as the Renaissance, which had its origin in the classic age of Louis XIV, is surmounted by a Mansard roof, a style which from its light and airy character being peculiarly adapted to the climate of the coast, is becoming very popular. Above this is a handsome cupola; while an elegant balustrade surrounds the whole. The staircases leading to each story are broad and substantially constructed with frequent landings or resting places—forming altogether four safe and easy avenues of ingress and egress. The building, exclusive of the large hall of the attic, is of sufficient capacity to accommodate with ease nine hundred pupils, based upon the ratio of fifty to each class. The arrangements are such that each class-room forms a school of itself, and can if occasion requires, be entirely isolated from the other portions of the building. A thorough examination of the Lincoln School Building affords the most conclusive proof, that a more thorough and complete structure has never been erected here; and the work is alike creditable to Mr. William Craine, the architect who planned and superintended the entire work, and the builders and mechanics engaged in its construction. The building was dedicated to the purposes for which it was designed, on the twenty-ninth of June, 1865, with an address by Edward Tompkins, Esq., and other appropriate exercises.

SYNAGOGUE EMANU EL.—The new church edifice on Sutter Street, between Stockton and Powell, recently erected by this society, is one of the most important additions to the prominent buildings of the city, made during the past season. The lot is one hundred and thirty-seven and a half by one hundred and fifty-seven and a half feet, centrally located, and is most admirably adapted to the purposes to which it is dedicated. The church temple presents an imposing appearance, and when fully completed will be one of the most interesting structures in this city. The auditorium, which will be most beautifully and elegantly finished, is fifty-three feet wide, ninety-seven feet long, and fifty feet high, and is designed to seat twelve hundred persons. The basement is to be devoted to educational purposes and will be arranged to accommodate eight hundred children. The entire cost of the building, ready for use, will be about \$150,000.

THE SYNAGOGUE OHAIBA SHALOME.—This handsome edifice, which like the foregoing, gives marked evidence of the prosperity of its founders, and zeal in the faith of their fathers, is located on Mason Street, between Geary and Post. It was consecrated on Friday the fifteenth of September last, with the customary ceremonials of the Jewish Church. It is an elegant and substantial brick structure erected at a cost of about sixty thousand dollars. The main body of the building is rectangular in form, with a gallery at the two sides, and front end. At the opposite is the altar which is of considerable size, connected with which is the reading desk and preacher's pulpit, the whole surrounded with a carved railing. Above this, high up in the gable end, ~~was~~ a large circular window of stained glass, beneath which, for the whole middle of the end, and about ten feet in depth, is a superb y-carved and polished rosewood frame, heavily gilt in scroll work, the whole forming a border for a slab of white