

inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, for the government and management of said Alms House, and for the admission, discharge, and employment of the inmates thereof, as to them shall seem proper.—[Amendment March 28, 1868.]

SEC. 4. Said Board shall also have power [appointing power transferred to Board of Health; *see* Supplemental XLI.] to appoint for duty at the Alms House, a Superintendent, Matron, Resident Physician, and such assistants and employés as they may from time to time deem necessary; *provided*, they shall not at any time pay more than the following sums as salary to the various employés: To the Superintendent, one hundred and fifty dollars per month; to the Matron, fifty dollars per month; to the Resident Physician, one hundred and twenty-five dollars per month; to the Cook, sixty dollars per month; to the Chief Farmer, fifty dollars per month; to the principal Teamster, fifty dollars per month; and to each and every other employé, not to exceed thirty dollars per month each, except Nurses, when necessary, may be employed at a salary not to exceed fifty dollars per month.—[Amendment March 28, 1868.]

SEC. 5. Said Board of Supervisors are hereby authorized to expend a sum not exceeding twelve thousand dollars per month [Amendment March 30, 1872], for the support, care, and maintenance of such persons as may be admitted to said Alms House and Hospital, which sum shall be in lieu of any sums now authorized by law to be expended for such purposes.

SEC. 6. Contracts for the support of the inmates of said Alms House and Hospital shall be given out in the manner now prescribed by law for the support of the inmates of the City and County Hospital.

SEC. 7. The Mayor of said city and county, the Resident Physician of said Alms House and Hospital, and Chairman of the Hospital Committee, respectively, and they alone, shall have power to admit inmates to said Alms House and Hospital, under such restrictions as are provided in section three of this Act.

SEC. 8. The Mayor, when authorized by the Board of Supervisors, shall have power to sell the buildings and lands now occupied for hospital purposes, and to that end is hereby authorized to execute, sign, seal, and deliver good and sufficient deed or deeds therefor to such person or persons and for such sum or sums as said Board may prescribe; and he shall pay the proceeds of such sale or sales into the city and county treasury to the credit of the General Fund.

## ARTICLE VI.

### FINANCE AND REVENUE.\*

SEC. 75. All fines, penalties, and forfeitures imposed for offenses committed within the said city and county shall be received by the Clerk or Magistrate of the respective Court and paid into the treasury thereof [amended; *see* Inebriates and Insane Persons, page 1019], as a part of the Police Fund; forty per cent of all poll taxes [amended; *see* Sec. 76] collected in said city and county, or any other portion of such poll taxes which may be hereafter assigned to said city and county by law, shall also be paid and received into the treasury thereof as a part of the Police Fund. All demands payable out of said fund may, in case there be not sufficient money in the treasury arising from the sources specified in this section, be paid out of the General Fund of said city and county.

SEC. 76. The School Fund of said city and county shall consist of all moneys received from the State School Fund; all moneys arising from taxes upon property which shall be levied each year for that use by the Board of Supervisors, and which shall in no case exceed the rate of thirty-five dollars for each pupil who shall have actually attended school during the preceding year [Act April 1, 1872]; also the proceeds of the poll tax.—[Political Code, Article III, Sec. 3861.] The General Fund consists of all moneys in the treasury not designated and set apart by law to a specified use, and of the overplus of any Special Fund remaining after the satisfaction of all demands upon it. The Surplus Fund consists of any moneys belonging to the General Fund remaining in the treasury after the satisfaction of all demands due and payable which are specified in the first fourteen subdivisions in section ninety-five. The fiscal year shall be the same as that of the State.

SEC. 77. All taxes assessed upon real or personal property in said city and county shall be payable and be paid directly to the Treasurer thereof [the Tax Collector is authorized to collect the taxes; *see* Political Code, Part III, Sec. 3732]; and in default of such payment before the time when the Tax Collector may be authorized by law to seize and sell the property therefor, the said Tax Collector shall proceed to collect said taxes, together with his legal fees, by seizure and sale of the property liable, in the mode prescribed by law for the collection of such State and county taxes.

SEC. 78. The Tax Collector, upon the final settlement to be made by him as such Tax Collector, according to the requirements of the law, shall be charged with and shall pay into the hands of the Treasurer, the full amount of all taxes by him collected and not previously paid over, without any deduction or commissions, fees, or otherwise; he shall also be charged with and be deemed debtor to the treasury for the full amount of all taxes due upon the delinquent list delivered to him for collection, unless it be made to appear that it was out of his power to collect the same by levy and sale of any property liable to be seized and sold therefor; if the

\* *See* General Revenue Provisions, Political Code, Sec. 3607.