bread and bakery products, motor vehicles, men's and women's clothing, foundry and machine shop products, canning and preserving, furniture, confectionery, ice cream, flour and grain products, rice, chocolate and cocoa products, structural iron and steel, electrical machinery, tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, tinware, lumber, jute bags, paper boxes, shoes, leather goods of all kinds, etc.

Industries ranked by the annual value of their production in 1927 included:

	Value of Output
Printing and publishing	\$39,157,504
Coffee and spice	31,275,785
Canning and preserving	21,369,584
Slaughtering and meat packing	20,015,907
Bread and bakery products	
Men's and women's clothing	12,130,070
Foundry and machine shop products	
Furniture	
Confectionery ,	7,472,801

DISTRIBUTION—The Department of Commerce analysis of the statistics for the 11,422 establishments in San Francisco reporting at the 1927 census of distribution shows that the largest annual sales for 1926 were made by 1885 wholesale and retail grocery and delicatessen establishments. The sales of these establishments amounted to \$389,895,400. Including the salaried employees, proprietors and firm members, there were 5967 persons at work in the establishments and their annual salaries amounted to \$10,219,400. Next came the wholesale and retail automobile establishments, with sales amounting to \$115,464,200. Following the automobile establishments, the largest sales were shown by 228 establishments engaged in the sale of building material; 134 wholesale and 94 retail, with total sales of \$112,727,100.

FINANCIAL—San Francisco has been made the Financial Center of the West as a result of those institutions which have centered their operations here. Fifteen hundred national firms have established Western headquarters in San Francisco. The Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco is the headquarters of the Twelfth Federal Reserve District, now the fourth largest district in the nation. One of the major regional Stock Exchanges in the United States is maintained in San Francisco. There is also a San Francisco Curb: Exchange and a San Francisco Mining Exchange. The fourth largest bank in the United States has its headquarters here, and eight of the banks in San Francisco are among the first hundred banks of the nation. The figures following were furnished by the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce: Bank clearings in 1930 totaled \$9,558,594,000; bank debits for 1930 totaled \$15,055,143,000.

BANK CLEARINGS—FIVE YEARS

BANK DEBITS—FIVE YEARS

1926\$12,598,486,000 1927\$15,051,200,000 1928\$18,384,203,000 1929\$16,987,478,000 1930\$15,044,143,000

San Francisco Stock Exchange and San Francisco Curb Exchange stock and bond sales for 1930 amounted to \$518,323,126. Insurance—\$273,000,000 worth of insurance business covering the entire West clears through Sau Francisco annually. Eight internationally known outside insurance companies have constructed their own buildings in Sau Francisco. Per capita wealth—Based on total value of all property in the city, the per capita wealth in 1930 was \$4,975. Postal receipts in 1923 were \$7,040,036; and 1930, \$9,090,597.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS—First comes the group in the Civic Center, declared by the Duke of Connaught to be the finest thing of its kind in the world. The group consists: (1) City Hall, of classic design, surmounted by an immense dome, higher than the dome of the Capitol at Washington. Cost, \$4,000,000. (2) Exposition Auditorium, seating capacity of 12,000 in the main auditorium, with numerous small halls; cost, \$2,000,000. (3) San Francisco Public Library; cost, \$1,500,000. (4) State Building; cost, \$1,000,000. There is now being built a War Memorial group of buildings, as a part of the Civic Center, to cost \$4,000,000, consisting of opera house, American Legion halls, etc. A Federal building is also planned in the near future.

California Palace of the Legion of Honor, in Lincoln Park overlooking the Golden Gate, is a replica of the Palace of the Legion of Honor in Paris. It was presented to the city. The structure cost \$2,000,000. United States Mint, located at Fifth and Mission streets, built in 1874; Post-Office Building, corner of Seventh and Mission streets; Ferry Building, at the foot of Market street on the waterfront, built by the State in 1896 at a cost of \$1,000,000. It is 659 feet long and 156 feet wide, and in addition to serving as a ferryboat terminal, contains many State offices. The Customs House and United States Appraiser's Buildings represent an expenditure of more than \$1,000,000. In Golden Gate Park are located the De Young