SEC. 7. All mining laws heretofore in exisare hereby repealed, and we the miners do solemuly swear and pledge ourselves, mutually and individually to abide by and support the foregoing By-laws.

Suc. 8. No person shall hold more than two claims at the same time either by purchase or otherwise, anything in the first section to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 9. Any person disabled by illness for any length of time shall not loose his right in consequence of not working the same during

SEC 10. All persons having notices upon dry claims must renew the same every thirty days from date or otherwise they become void.

SEC. 11. These By-laws shall take effect from and after Nov. 13, 1855. JOHN A. BRONSON, President.

HENRY WELLINGTON, Secretary.

[SEE MISCELLANEOUS LIST FOR NAMES]

JACKASS GULCH. Situated five miles north of Sonora, and on the

road leading from the southern to the northern mines. In the years '51 and '52, it had more notoriety perhaps than any other camp in Califoruia, from the fact of the great Carson lead of quartz having been struck rich in quite a number of places. Several stamping mills were erected, but of such an inferior character that they were unable to save the gold, and the veins were partially abandoned, or rather not worked. The main gulch in '48 and '49, was without doubt the richest in the state; many a lucky miner made his pile in a very few hours. Lumps from 4oz, to pounds, was taken out almost daily, and the excitement was intense, and hundreds rushed to the diggings. This state of affairs only continued for about two years, since which time the eamp has dwindled down to quite a small number. Maj. Means & Junius his brother, Geo. Wilson, T. E. Carrington and one or two others is all that is left of tho settlers of '51 and '52. These parties have rich quarts leads, and are engaged at this time in prospecting their extent. The Meanses have washed as much as \$10,000 in a square of ten feet of ground laving on the ton of the lead .-They have also taken out quartz, that has yielded too thirds of its weight in gold. Mr. Carrington has also a rich lead from which with his own labor, with pick, mortar and pestle, he can realize from one to three hundred dollars per day. The leads of quarts, of which there are hundreds, as a general thing are small, some not over 2 luches in thickness, but make up the difference in their extravagant vield of ore.

Independent of its rich and extensive deposits of gold bearing quartz. There is little of

vailing politics of the precinct, which at every election is looked to with considerable interest. It has universally given a whig majority. leading politician at the last election was heard to exclaim, "as goes Jackass so goes the state," and in this he was correct, for so did go the state, but what influence Jackass Gulch had in the result, we have never been able to discover,

for she only polled 22 votes, 16 of which was for Mining Laws of Jackass Gulch. Made by the miners of Jackass Gulch and its vicinity, at a meeting held on the 16th of Octo-

Johnson the American candidate.

ARTICLE 1. Each and every individual person shall be entitled to one claim by virtue of occupation, the same not to exceed one hundred feet

ART. 2. To hold any claim or claims by virtue of purchase, the same must be in good falth and under a bona fide bill of sale, certified to as to the genuiness of signature and the consideration given by two distinterested persons

ART. 3. Any question arrising under article 2 shall be decided on application of either party by a jury of 5 members. ART. 4. Any claim located on any gulch may

be held by putting up notices, with the names of the parties thereon, and renewing the same every ten days till water can be had

ART. 5. Any claim upon which there is a suf-ficiency of water for working in the usual manner, if not worked for the space of five days shall be forfeited, unless provided the party interest-ed is prevented from working by sickness or other good and sufficient cause.

ART. 6. These Rules and By-laws shall extend over Jackass and Soldiers' Gulches and their tributaries. CHAS, GIBSON, President.

JAS. CORNNIFF, Secretary. [SEE MISCELLANEOUS LIST FOR NAMES.]

MONTEZUMA.

Is a camp of quite recent date, her mines were first opened in the summer and fall of 1852, since which time there has been quite a town built, many of the improvements are of the first order, and reflect credit on the enterprise and good taste of its inhabitants. Montezuma is in the midst of a very extensive mining region, and is quite a place of trade and general business. Her merchants arc fully awake as to their interests, and keep on hands large and extensive stocks of goods, which they dispose of at small profits.

The Coaches to and from Stockton, pass through here daily, also Dr. Clark's line from Sonora, Columbia &c. to Don Pedro's and La Grange.